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# 3.6 Exercises Problem 1

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Let  $X$  be a *r.v.* with pdf

$$ae^{-ax}, \quad a, x > 0$$

If  $M_x(t)$  is the mgf of  $X$ , what is  $M_x(-3a)$ ?

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By definition,

$$M_x(t) = \mathbf{E}(e^{tx})$$

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For the given density function (which is the exponential distribution),

$$\begin{aligned} M_x(t) &= \mathbf{E}(e^{tx}) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{tx} \cdot ae^{-ax} dx \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} ae^{(t-a)x} dx = \left. -\frac{a}{t-a} e^{(t-a)x} \right|_0^{\infty} \end{aligned}$$

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Assuming  $t < a$ , the integral converges to

$$-\frac{a}{t-a} = \frac{a}{a-t} = M_x(t)$$

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Substituting  $t = -3a$ ,

$$M_x(-3a) = \frac{a}{a - (-3a)} = \frac{a}{4a} = \frac{1}{4}$$