

1. ASSIGNMENT 8

1.1. **Problem 1.** Prove Theorem 6.16 i): If  $a_k \geq 0$ ,  $b_k > 0$  for large  $k$ , and  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} a_k/b_k \in (0, \infty)$ , then

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \text{ converges if and only if } \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k \text{ converges}$$

1.2. **Problem 2.** Suppose  $a_k$  and  $b_k$  are nonnegative for all  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ . Prove that

$$\text{If } \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \text{ and } \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k \text{ converge, then } \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k b_k \text{ converges}$$

1.3. **Problem 3.** Let

$$s_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k} \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Prove that  $s_{2n}$  is strictly increasing,  $s_{2n+1}$  is strictly decreasing, and  $s_{2n+1} - s_{2n} \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

1.4. **Problem 4.** Suppose  $a_k \geq 0$  for  $k$  sufficiently large and  $\sum a_k/k$  converges. Prove that

$$\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{j+k} = 0$$