

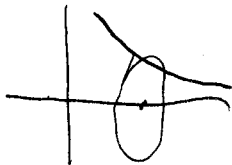
MA126 Quiz 6

Name:

- 1) (8 pts) Find the volume of the solid created by revolving the graph of

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

between $x = 1$ and $x = 2$ about the x -axis.



DISK method:

$$V = \int_1^2 \pi (f(x))^2 dx = \pi \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x^2} = \pi \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) \Big|_1^2 = \pi \left(-\frac{1}{2} - (-1) \right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

- 2) (8 pts) Find the exact length of the curve

$$x = 1 + 3t^2, \quad y = 4 + 2t^3, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$L = \int_0^1 \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt = \int_0^1 \sqrt{(6t)^2 + (6t^2)^2} dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 \sqrt{2 \cdot 36 \cdot t^2} dt = \int_0^1 (6\sqrt{2}) \sqrt{t^2} dt = 6\sqrt{2} \int_0^1 t dt = 6\sqrt{2} \left. \frac{t^2}{2} \right|_0^1 = 6\sqrt{2}$$

(OVER)

3) (9 pts) Find the average value of

$$f(x) = (\sin x)^2$$

over the interval from 0 to 2π .

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{avg}} &= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 2x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} x \Big|_0^{2\pi} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \Big|_0^{2\pi} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} [\pi - 0] = \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$